tinned. "I am no free-trader." Among the Independents who return to the regular spublica.. banner is Maurice E. Viele, one of the goest hardware and cutlery dealers in the State out-de of New-York City.

#### A BIG MEETING IN NEWARK, A LONG SAND BRILLIANT PROCESSION - STIRRING

SPEECHES AND A HANDSOME BANNER. The Republicans of Newark last night gave a formal reception to the New-Jersey delegates to the Chicago Convention, and ratified the nomination of Harrison and Morton in a large and enthusiastic mass-meeting at the headquarters of the Republican Union League, in Halsey-st. At 7:30 p. m. clubs from all parts of the city began assembling in Halsey-st., and formed a

line with the right resting on the Union League headquarters. The line moved, amid a great display of fireworks and great enthusiasm, along Broad-st. to the house of George A. Halsey, where the Chicago delegates were taken up and escorted back to the League headquarters, where meetings were organized inside and outside

Previous to the speaking an artistic Harrison and Morton banner was flung to the breeze. The parade was the largest that has been seen in this city for some time, several thousand men being in line. Each organization carried a handsome silk banner and several

Illuminated transparencies. When the delegates and the distinguished guests were escorted to the Union Loague headquarters it was with the utmost difficulty that they were able to reach the balcony, as the thousands which had preceded the parade that escorted the guests had completely blocked the street for over a hundred yards at either side of the entrance. Conspicuous in the line were the renowned Freinghuysen Laucers, the Eighth Ward Young Men's Republican Club, 600 strong; the Young Republican Club of Newark, 300 strong; the Union League of New-Jersey, with several hundred men in line; the George A. Halsey Battery, of the Thriteenth Ward, and the James A. Christi Battery, of the Tweifth Ward.

The Birst speaker introduced at the meeting was Robert P. Perter, of New-York, who delivered an address on the main issue of the campaign, the tariff, J. R. Magie, of Illinois, Colonel James A. Fairman, of New-York, A. Q. Reasbey, R. Wayne Parker, Colonel Sill and Peter Van Riper, of Belleville, followed with stirring addresses. It was nearly midnight before the meeting closed. balcony, as the thousands which had preceded the pa-

#### DRIVEN OUT BY FREE TRADE. A LEADING BROOKLYN DEMOCRAT WHO BELIEVES

IN PROTECTION LEAVES HIS PARTY.
William H. Grace, a prominent real estate dealer
in Brooklyn and an active member of the First Ward Democratic Association of that city, has resigned from that body on account of the declarations of the Democratic platform in favor of free trade. In a letter

of the association, Mr. Grace says:

dressed to Tax Collector Alden S. Swan, president

Some of the best friends I have are leading members of your association, and nothing but a profound sense of duty forces me to resign my membership in your body. I sincerely regard President Cleveland as your body.

I amend he at the street at the street at the street at war with my life-long convictions. I am a Democrat, pure and simple. I prefoundly believe in home rule, in each community making its own local laws and every man in the community having a voice in those ample protection to life and property, the less government the better; the fewer laws the better; the fewer officials and the less expensive the Government the better. This is the pure Democracy, as I under stand it, of Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Jackson and Abraham Lincoln. It is the democracy of the Chi-cago platform on which Abraham Lincoln was first nominated and elected. It is the Democracy which proclaimed protection to American labor and industry in 1861. It is the Democracy which replenished the National Treasury, prosecuted the war for the Union, emaneipated the slaves and made our glorious country a nation in the true sense by dedicating every inch of its soil to liberty forever.

In opposition to this is the so-called Democracy of

John C. Calhoun, who founded the Southern school of free trade abroad and serfdom at home. When the high protective tariff of 1828 was enacted under the first administration of Jackson, Calhoun repudiated the law and called a State Convention of his so-called Democracy to sustain him, and it passed resolutions We all know what short work Jackson made of that convention. Jackson was a greater protection ist than Henry Clay, and on it he was elected, and his policy brought the country great prosperity. After Jackson's death the Calhoun school prevailed, and Southern leaders prepared the platforms up to the Rebeilion. Southern leaders of the same school and ideas are in control again. It was a Southern Calhoun Cobden Club Democrat who wrote the Demohoun Cobden Club Democrat who wrote the Demo-cratic platforms in 1876 and in 1888. The first did not prevail; neither shall the second. They are both vn-American, hostile alike to our property and indus-trial independence. I regard the Chicago platform as the most positive, comprehensive and beneficent declaration of principles ever made by any one party in this Republic. It will take rank second only to in this Republic. It will take rank second only to the Declaration of Independence. The issue makes it a campaign of principles and not of men. The Re-publican platform can be maintained on the principle of protection for the sake of protection; not as an expediency, but as an actual permanent necessity to advance and improve the social, material, moral and intellectual condition of the people.

#### THE TARIFF ILLUSTRATED. AN OBJECT LESSON IN PROTECTION GIVEN BY EX-

JODGE WHEELER. "The Tariff Illustrated" was the title of what was appropriately termed a "unique" lecture by ex-Judge John L. Wheeler, of New-Jersey, at Everett Hall, Brooklyn, last night. It was, in point of fact, an object lesson on protection. Judge Wheeler addresses his arguments to the eye as well as to the ear, appeal ing to the former by means of stereopticon views. gave a history of the tariff policy of the various Administrations from Washington to Cleveland, accompanying it by portraits of the Presidents and eminent men who played a conspicuous part on one side or

the other.

The speaker was once a Democrat, but the free trade tendencies of that party have driven him into the Republican fold. He showed how by the pretective policy the young Republic was freed from pecuniary embarrassment and soon made a paying concern, so that Jefferson found himself confronted with a surplus. But instead of ridding himself of the policy which had brought about that happy state of affairs, he continued it and expended the surplus on improve ments. Coming down to the present time Judge Wheeler showed how much chesper woollen goods were under the high tariff of 1888 than under the revenu tariff in existence in 1860. "But how about the wages?" yelled some obstra ous and sceptical Democrats. That was Judge Wheeler's opportunity. He had thrown on the screen a table showing that the wages of the workmen were just as much higher in 1888, as compared with 1800, as the goods were cheaper. His triumph was complete. "I deal in facts." said Judge Wheeler, "and the Democrats in theories. The theories are very nice theories, but they don't square with the facts. I propose to fight this campaign with facts." Judge Wheeler intends that his facts illustrated shall be extensively seen before the election comes off, and he wants Democratic audiences.

#### RATIFIED AT GREENPOINT. COLONEL JONES SHOWS SETH LOW IN HIS REAL

COLONEL JONES SHOWS SETH LOW IN HIS REAL COLORS-OTHER SPEAKERS.

There was a rousing ratification of the Republican ticket by the Greenpoint Republicans last evening at Bartholdi Hall, No. 142 Greenpointave. E. E. Griffiths, chairman of the meeting, opened it with a ringing speech which aroused enthusiasm of a genuine kind from the start. George W. Bailey read a series of resolutions strongly indepsing Harrison and Moston and specific the strongly indersing Harrison and Morton and pledging the Republicam of Greenpolat to a vigorous campaign in ad-vocacy of American protection and relentiess hostility to

British free-trade.

James S. Lehmaier, secretary of the Republican State League, delivered an carnest address in which he answered the question. "Why am I a Republican?" giving a series of reasons for the faith that was in him, at once arousing and cloquent . Ex-Judge James B. Angell, of New-York, showed up the free trade record of the Democratic party from its early existence.

The last speaker was Colonel J. W. Jones, who gave Seth Low a succession of hot shots which kept the audience in a roar of merriment. A politician of such a wonderful combination that he could be an Independent derful combination that he could be an Independent in Brooklyn, a Republican in Albany and a Democrat in Washington was considered a curiosity which the Repub-licans could pars with without regret. Mr. Low's free-trade hallucinations, covered with a thin veneering which he called "revenue reform," were exposed by the Colonel with a spreastic incistveness enjoyed by all present

THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE TO MEET. The members of the Republican State Committee will meet here next Tuesday. The official call for the meeting was issued last evening by General Knapp, chairman of the Executive Committee, Chairman Bliss being in Europe. This meeting is for the purpose of organizing the new committees elected at last State Convention in Buffalo. New officers will be elected and a new Executive Committee named. Mr. Bliss announced before going to Europe that he could not serve as chairman during the coming campaign, but a strong effort is being made to have him reconsider his determination. Besides organizing, the committee will fix the time and place for the

The Best High-Class Olgarottes. Kinney Broa.' Special Parouts.

State Convention, when candidates for State offices will be nominated. CLEVELAND'S UNCLE WILL VOTE FOR HARRI-

Buffalo, July 2 (Special).-The formation of the Tippecanoe Club, composed of septuagenarians who voted for William Henry Harrison in 1840 and are pledged to vote for his grandson in 1883, has provoked considerable enthusiasm among the old-timers. This was increased when Lewis F. Allen, uncle of Grover Cleveland, declared that he would vote for Harrison and Morton. Mr. Allen is president of the club. James L. G. Davis, one of the members, has in his possession a well-preserved flag, bearing William Henry Harrison's picture, which Mr. Davis carried in processions in 1840, and which he will carry again this fall. He is as enthusiastic as any of the younger supporters of the Republican ticket.

STRONG SPEECHES MADE IN PLAINFIELD. Association Hall, Plainfield, N. J., was thronged with people at the Republican ratification meeting on Saturday even ig. The meeting was called to order by ex-Postmaster Elias R. Pope, who announced that John Ulrich had been selected as chairman of the meeting. Judge Ulrich made a vigorous speech. Wilbur then introduced and made a strong argument in favor of the Republican party, as the friend of the American workingman, guaranteeing him the fullest protection to his home and wages. The Rev. Dr. Carroll, editor of "The New-York Independent" and John H. French, president of the Reform Club of Plainfield, also spoke.

The Young Men's Republican Club of the XVIIth and XIXth Assembly Districts met last night in Adelphi Hall. Fifty-second-st. and Seventh-ave. The meeting was a crowded one, and fifteen new members were enrolled. Stephen P. McClave spoke on "Protection versus Free Trade." He showed forcibly and logically that during the last twenty-five years Protection, under the fostering care of the Republican party, has raised the standard of presperity all over our immense country. A telling speech was made by the president of the club, Edwin H. Moore, on the Republican nominees, their names being received with cheers. Adolph Goessling and Richard C. Van Horn also spoke. The club meets every other Monday during

PROMISING NEW-YORK FOR THE REPUBLICANS. Another enthusiastic meeting of the Union County Republican League was held last Friday evening at the Re-Adams, alternate delegate to Chicage, in a speech which was continually interrupted by applause, related some of his caperiences at the Convention. "New-York delegates," said he, "were willing not only to piedge Newgates," said he, "were willing not only to pledge New-York to the Republicans, but to give bonds to deliver the

REPUBLICAN CLUBS AT SARATOGA The convention of the Republican Clubs, composing the State League of New-York, which begins at Saratoza next Tuesday, promises to be even more successful than was expected. Already over 150 clubs have sent word that they will be represented by strong delegations, and as many more are expected to have members present. James S. Lehmsier, secretary of the State League, said yesterday that he thought nearly all the 500 clubs now in existence in New-York would be heard from, and that there would be from 5,000 to 10,600 people at the meeting.

Special rates have been secured on all the railroads of the Trunk Line Association. Individuals can go to Saratoga at a fare and a third for the round trip; organized parties of twenty or more for one fare. Reduced rates have also been obtained at all the hotels. W. A. Pierson, of Saratoga, will give all information in regard to

JUDGE THURMAN HAS HIS JOKE.

Columbus, July 2 (special).-Visiting Democrats continue to disturb Judge Thurman's morning rest. He makes it his habit to sieep until noon, but recent delegations have insisted upon calling in the forenoon. To-day the Illinois delegates to the Baltimore Club Convention called with a band, and after their presentation the Judge responded by saying: opponents declare that I am weak and decrepit, and one of the leaders of the opposition party said that you had to rob the grave for a candidate for the Vice-Presidency. That is most likely true, but it is the grave of the Republican party."

### NOTES OF THE CANVASS.

NOTES OF THE CANVASS.

The brilliant speech made by Colonel Robert G. Ingersell at the big Republican club mass meeting in the Metropolium Opera House last Thursday night, is to be published in pamphlet form and distributed extensively as a campaign document. In the speech Colonel Ingersoil takes the Republican platform plank by plank, and shows way it should be supported by all veters. He also answers many of the questions asked by Free Traders.

Say " baa" to a Democrat, and he thinks of Oregon. George A. Henckel, of the Mott Haven Republican Club, has a silk badge that was worn at the inauguration of President Harrison in 1841. It has on it a good pleture of the General, and is in an excellent state of

Henry Watterson, the well-known Editor of "The Louisville Courier-Journal," will deliver an address to-morrow before the Harlem Democratic Club on "The Issue of Issues-Emancipation for American Industry and Commerce from the Serfdom of Taxation and Restric-

MILLIONS OVER LAST YEAR.

The Board of Aldermen met in special session yes-

terday to receive the report of the Tax Commissioners
fixing the rate of valuation of real and personal
property for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1888.

Tender of Court of General Ressions—Part L—Before Recorder
Smyth and Assistant District Attorney Gen.—Nos. 1 to 26
inclusive. The following table shows the relative assessed valuation of real and personal estate for 1887 and 1888:

Wards.	Assessed Valuation, 1857.	Valuation, 1888,	Increase.	
	Real Estate.	Real Estate.	Real Parate	
First	\$79,522,005	\$80,718,013	\$1,195,908	
Second	34.565.587	34,494,553	*******	
Third	38,626,265	88,879,330	253,065	
Fourth	13,341,595	13,504,545	222,050	
Fifth	46,376,907	46,703,449	826,542	
Sixth	24,625,041	24,859,341	2:13.700	
Seventh	17,300,0571	17,804,517	504,460	
Fighth	39,262,103	89,365,303	108,200	
Ninth	20,760,828	30,422,673	652,850	
Tenth	- 18,226,297	18,012,047	286,350	
Eleventh	17,163,700	17,459,759	296,050	
Twelfth	158,113,407	176,890,397	18,270,000	
Thirteenth	10,678,4651	11,072,156	398 601	
Fourteenth	24,994,770	25,222,920	228,150	
Fifteenth	56,362,553	57,091,655	829,102	
Sixteenth	28,212,520	38,746,065	533,536	
Seventeenth	34,402,508	34,987,408	584,900	
Eighteenth	78,770,587	79.155,123	384,536	
Nineteenth	211,635,940	218,657,860	7,051,920	
Twentieth	46,471,770	47,880,770	9/19,000	
Twenty-first	89,798,129	90,716,370	923,250	
Twenty-second	113,585,437	122,191,400	F,605,963	
Twenty-third	21,027,808	24,129,116	3,171,308	
Twenty-fourth	11,761,360	14,087,603	2,325,643	
The state of the s	and the second second second second	section of the last of the las		

Total Real Es-tate \$1,254,491,849 \$1,302,818,879 \$48,398,064 The only decrease is in the Second Ward, which shows a reduction in real estate valuation of \$71,034. The personal estate tabulation is as follows:

| Assessed | Assessed | Decrease.

	for 1887.	for 183	5.	
Resident	\$150,393,471 9,920,393	\$178,195,2 9,852,8		
Shareholders of Banks	62,834,950	64,575,4	75 66	
Total Personal	\$253,148,814	\$250,623.5	52 66	\$4,265,787
Total Assessed Valuation Total Assessed Valuation	ation for 188	*\$	1,553,	442,431 66 640,663 00
Increase in 188	9		\$45,	801,768 66
Total Increase in A			\$50,	138,589 66
1588			4.	336,821 00
Not Increase in	1888		545.	201,768 66

## A RECALCITRANT LIGHTING COMPANY,

The usual order for the preparation of the tax levies in accordance with the valuation for 1888,

THE BOARD OF ELECTRICAL CONTROL COMES DOWN HEAVILY ON THE OFFENDER.

The United States Illuminating Company is to feel the weight of the Board of Electrical Control, Judging from the action taken by the Board at its meeting yesterday. The objections raised by the company against complying with the rules and regulations of the Board are stamped as illogical, untenable and inade-Board are stamped as illogical, untenance and many part and the company is accused of bad faith in obtaining a permit to continue lighting under a representation that everything would be done by the company to aid the Board in its work. In a letter to the pany to aid the board in its work in the board in its work. In a letter to the pany to aid the board in its work in the board in the company, passed in the form of a resolution, the company is ordered to cease operating lines in Broadway from Fourteenth to Forty-fifth st., in Sixth-ave from Eighteenth to Fifty eighth st., and all the streets from | family." Twenty-third to Twenty-eighth st., between Browlway

Twenty-third to Twenty-eighth at, between rand Sixth-ave.

The police authorities and the Commissioner of Public Works are requested to take steps to see that this order is carried out. Prosecutions by the Board will follow any violation of the order. In the report of experts for two weeks, out of 535 violations of the rules and regulations of the Loard 400 are credited to this company. All the applications of the company for permits, etc., were fold aside. All the commissioners were present and voted in the affirmative.

S500 or a Carc.

For many years the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh
Remedy, who are thoroughly responsible financially, as any
one can easily ascriain by inquiry, have offered through
nearly every Lewspaper in the land a standing reward of
5500 for a case of through assail eatherth, no matter hew had
or of how long standing, which they cannot core. The Remedy is mild soothing, cleansing, antiseptic and healing.

Sold by all druggists at 50 centa.

NO ILL BLOOD BETWEEN THEM. CAPTAIN WALKINSHAW AND INSPECTOR DUTCHER

LEAVE THE COURT ARM IN ARM. Captain John Walkinshaw, formerly of the 72d In-vernesshire Highlanders, of the British army, now living at No. 210 West Twenty-second-st., appeared yesterday at his usual haunts in front of the Hoffman House and St. James Hotel. He did not appear any the worse for his encounter with his friend, Alfred C. Dutcher, on the night previous. Nor did his having spent the night in the Nineteenth Precinct Police Station, after the conflict, when Dutcher was carried off the battle ground in an insensible condition, appear to have had any depressing effect on his spirits. When met in the corridor of the Hoffman House and questioned as to the cause of the difficulty, he frankly ad-

mitted that he did not know there had been any quar "I don't know really what did happen, and I will take you to some one who can tell you all about it," he said. "It is just simply this: Mr. Dutcher and I were coming out of the St. James Hotel, when my friend fell down and cut his forehead on the rough sidewalk."

The captain then conducted the reporter to the office of Captain William M. Connor, at the St. James.

"You know what happened last night, Captain," he said to Mr. Connor. "Just tell all about it." Captain Connor said that Captain Walkinshaw and Customs Inspector Dutcher were close friends, and were discussing military matters, and in illustrating some point of debate Mr. Dutcher lifted up his cane and made a pass with it. Then Captain Walkinshaw said something to the effect that Mr. Dutcher should not do so, as he was not as expert with the foils as himself. Captain Connor said they made soveral passes with their canes and then he stopped them, saying that "many friends had often quarrelled through such skylarking."

Captain Walkinshaw was brought up in the Jefferson Market Police Court, and Judge Gorman promptly discharged him. Officer Woerz, of the Nineteenth Precinct, said that he did not see any assault committed, and that he arrested the defendant on the com-plaint of a man named Callahan, who had falled to appear. Captain Walkinshaw and Customs Inspector Dutcher went out of court arm in arm. Mr. Dutcher said that no assault had been committed, and that he and the captain had only been fooling.

#### THE COURTS.

DISAPPROVAL OF ALLOWANCES.

In denying a motion for an extra allowance for the New-York Life Insurance Company, in a suit decided in its favor, brought by Frederick Uhlmann for an accounting on a claim against the company for a share of the surplus and profits under a "ten year dividend" polly held by him. Justice Van Hoesen, in the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, expressed his disapproval of the practice of granting such allowances. He said: "Allowances are considered by many of the bench and members of the profession in this State to be of questionable policy, and an effort is making for the abolishment of these statutes that authorize them. They are so oppressive to suitors that they act as discouragements to the seeking of redress in courts of

#### BITS OF LEGAL NEWS

complicity with Teller Scott in the robbery of the Bank of the Manhattan Company, and sentenced to the State Prison for nine years and eight months, was before Justice liarrett. In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday. The question to be determined was whether a certificate of reasonable doubt as to whether the conviction should stand should not bear. Justice Barrett made a formal denial of the motion for a certificate, and granted an order taking the matter before Justice O'Brien.

taking the matter before Justice O'Brien.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday, of sixtytwo persons indicted for violating the excise laws, whose
names were called, forty-seven pleaded "not guilty." The
bendamen of two others stated that the persons indicted had died since their arrest several years ago, and they were ordered to produce certificates of their death. The other cases were postpened at the request of the bondsmen. Several New-York life insurance companies, having been swindled out of nearly \$4,000 by means of fraudutent policies on the lives of mythical persons, by Henry J. Everall, their agent at Scranton, caused his arrest in this city, whither he had fled. Yesterday he was taken before Justice O'Brien, in the Supreme Court, Chambers, and signed an agreement to return in custody to Scranton without awaiting a requisition.

New-York, against James S. Baker and Robert L. Boyd, for \$55,339 97, and against William T. and Charles D. Pratt for \$49,419 92, on promissory notes.

An order by Justice O'Brien, discontinuing the suit of ex-Congressman John J. O'Brien against Henry S. Ives and George H. Stayner, for a counsel fee of \$20,000 for

services rendered during their recent troubles, was en-tered in the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, by Judgments have been obtained in the Supreme Court by the National Broadway Bank against David G ling, jr., the brewer, for \$40,498 on promissory notes,

# COURT CALENDARS-TO-DAY.

No day catendar,
COMMON PLEAS - SPECIAL TREM-Before Van Hoesen, J.
No day calendar,
CITY COURT-GENERAL TERM-Adjourned until Monday,

## IS THIS PRISONER INNOCENTS

Missionary Goldstein, of the American Tract So-clety, at Castle Garden, yesterday received a letter from Gustave Jensen, an immigrant who has been a convict in Trenton Prison, N. J., for fourteen months, asking that investigation be made into his case with a view of obtaining his release. In the letter he said that two days after his arrival in this country he was arrested on a charge of stealing clothing he had found, and was tried without having any counsel or inter-preter to explain matters to him, and was convicted. The case has been laid before the Swedish Consul, who will endeaver to obtain the man's release, should his

KRAHE, THE FORGER, PLEADS NOT GUILTY. Albert E. Krahe, the dashing young bookkeeper of Hirsch & Co., importers, at No. 427 and 429 Broadway, who raised a check of his employers \$3,000 and went to Canada, was arraigned before Recorder Smyth in Part I, General Sessions, yesterday, Krahwas brought back from Montreal by Detcetive Creed, of Inspector Byrnes's staff. He pleaded not guilty to the indictment of forgery in the second degree and was remanded for trial. His counsel made an effort to have the Recorder fix ball, but the latter refused to do so. Krahe will be locked up in the Tombs pending his trial.

## HE IS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN.

General Franz Siegel, accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel Theodore A. Meysenburg, of St. Louis, who was his chief of staff during the war, appeared before Judge Van Hoesen in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday for the purpose of establishing the fact that Colonel Meysenburg is an American citizen. He has been in this country thirty-two years, and the fact that his father was naturalized while he was a boy made him a citizen. He had no proof of this fact, however, with him, and when he applied for a passport, intending to sall for Germany on the steamship Lahn give evidence of his citizenship. General Siegel tes-tified that he had served in the war, which of itself would make him a citizen, and he exhibited his com-mission signed by President Lincoln. A certificate of citizenship was given to him and he will sail under the protection of the American flag.

## THE DEATH OF EDWARD A FARRINGTON.

The death of Edward A. Farrington, in London of Saturday, was a complete surprise to his New-York friends. Charles Lanier, of Winslow, Lanier & Co.

who had just returned from Europe, said yesterday "I saw Farrington in Paris only the other day, seems to me; and he was the picture of health. know nothing about his death beyond the publishe dispatches and a private announcement by cable t

The published disputches stated that Mr. Parringto had gone to London to consult prominent physician there about an affection of the heart. To them heath from peritonitis was unexpected, although i had the best medical attention.

EUROPEAN FINANCIAL MARKET LONDON, July 2,—4 p. in.—Consols, 99 9-16 for both money and the account: United States 4 per cent bands, 12-5; tilante and Great Western Great worther trustees cortillates 34-9; Canadian Pacific, 57-5; Mexican Ordinary, 42-5; Paul, Common, 65-5; New York Central, 100-5; Erich 15-100 second consols, 95-9; Hiller's Central, 110-5; Read,

DULNESS IN THE MARKET. RECOVERING FROM DEPRESSION. ; STOCKS CLOSE QUIET AFTER SMALL FLUCT-

UATIONS. SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE-JULY 2. THE GENERAL LIST.

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Much Cont	**	**	**	***	48	52	****
M LS & W prt.	89	80	89	89	85	90	50
W Ta & M bit	4 4	44	44	414	4.14	5	200
Mast Lort.		22.57	100000	1 227	134	12	700
MkaT	13%	134	133	13%	1334	135	700
Me Pacific	717	71%	71 %	7112	710	713	1.000
Mah & Ohio		. 24	. 23	142	7	37.40	60
Morris & Es	142	142	142	***	74	76	0.0
N C astl	1103	103	103	103	10212	103	534
NY Central	10000	100	100	103	14	15	1
NYCASIL	**	**	**	1100	61	63	OCHER
NY CASU. pre	24.74	24%	24	241	24 %	24.39	2.500
NY CASUL pre NY LE &W. NY LE &W pri	- 50		1000		Deep 1	56	0.000
NY & NE.	30	39	38 9	344	384	38.4	2,755
		1251		100	40.437	- 44	4010

464 464 464 464 24 24 24 24 514 524 514 515

5819 5819 58 5819 58 157 158 158 157 12 158 12 15 224 224 224 224 224

Union Pac.... Wabnah 754 754 754 754 

714 714 714 714 715 

34 36 t 110%, meller 60.

COVERNMENT BONDS. BONDS AND BANK STOCKS.

Tenn Settlem't 3s	Mo Kan & Texas	
5.000 XI. 094	Gen't 6a	income
District Company (SERVICE)	80,000653	1,00036
The second second	10,00068	Oregon & Trans
Atch Cot & Pacific	10,00067%	Ga
144	4,0006732	10,00097
1,000 104 Atlan & Pacguar	9,000,	Phila and R G M
Atlan & Pacguar	5.000	Dâ.
48	Met Elevated 1st	25,00089
93,000 1 81 5	2,000 xi. 113	5,00089 4
22,000 81 4	10,000 1127	12,000 80%
Am Dock & Impas	1.000,1124	10,00089
1,000 x1107 4	1,000 112-2	10,000 89
A Company Target	94	Oregon amprovem
Belly & Caron 1st	1.00010512	101
5,000111	Mem & Char 68	1,000 10112
Bur C R & Nth'n	5,000.x1,.102%	1,000 10118
1st	Midland of N J lat	Pac of alo lat
Collat'l trustas	10,000 114 '9	10,000 102%
1,00082	10,000	Remo, W & O
Chi & East Illinos	5.000 114	
Gen as	Mil & St Paul las	consola
40,000 1719	t & M Riv	5.000 108 Rich & W P
Col Coal & Iron Co.	58	Bich & W P
64	6.000 x1. 9834	term tr 6.
5.000 1047	6.000 x1984 C&P W'n 5s	11.00091
CCC & Int G M	10,000 1034	Bt L & San Fran
5,000 11 110	12,000 1034	Gen Migo
Cen Pac G'd 6s '95	Me Ean & Texas	tia
* one *1 1134	Gen't 5.	2,000x1115
5,000 xt. 113 5 Chic R I & Pac 5	10,00061	3,000 1154
CHICK I OF THE OF	65,000,6134	St L Ark and Tex
10,000 1054	10,00061%	1.0
22,000 105%		25,000 99%
Canada Southern	Michigan Central	57,00098
Canada Southeres	79	St L & I Mount
24	1,000 130	Da
6.00093		3,00084
Canada Southern	Mobile & Onio	
1st gri'd	Gen Mige	St L & San F
2,000 xi., 106	5,00043	gen'l mig
C St P & M O	NY Lake E & W'n	T 000 68
Consols	new 2d couson	7,000 xi 1023
1,009 122	1,00095	3,000 10219
1.000 122 4.000 122 <sup>1</sup> 2	10.000 954	St L " San Fr 2d
CIB, Success where he		Class C
lat	27.00092	2,000119%
3,0009242	5.000	St Joe & Gr I lat
Cha Bar & Quiney	INY C deben	4,000103
Nob Ext 48	1,000111%	2,00010314
1,000 927	North Pac Ist coup	St P Min & Man 15;
3,00093	20,000 xi 1164	Mon Ex 4s
Den & Rio Gile 4s	2,000 116	1,000 86%
16,000 xi 76	1.0001164	Tex & Pac 1st
	Nor Pac Tor 18	54
Erie 2d mige	7,000 xi103	13,00094%
3,000 118	5,000103	10,00094%
L Tenn Va & G Ry	Nash C & St L	4,00094%
Cons Gold 5s		1,000943
2,000 1024	5 0001 001	Texas & Pacific
13 300102%	5,0000810	2d
	N J Central	income

| Evans and T H 1st | 5,000 | 117 | 2,000 | 113 | 15,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 30 | 10,000 | 

10,000.....93 SALES AT THE CONSOLIDATED STOCK AND PETROLEUM EXCHANGE.

Names,	Opan-	ilign-	Low-	Close ing.	Share
Am Cont	At bar	35 1	34 41	21.74	1,170
Ch. Mil & St.Paul	6370	6:47	63 %	63%	9,4770
Central of N J	241 1	HI	81	H1	400
Chie & Northwestern.	1057	105%	105 -	0.74	100
Del Lack & Western	127 %	1277	1273	1.655	2,910
Delaware & Hudson	100 4	109%	100%	10940	150
Erze	24	24 141	21	24 4	3.0
Laxo Suore	2014	1913 tm	BURN	333.7 <sub>6</sub>	3,974
Louis & Nashville	54	04	₩ 53%	63.74	1.00
L E de West prei	444	4414	4134	414	200
Mex Nat	6%	12.16	17.74	6 %	P.54
Ma Pacine	71-4	714	71 -1	71%	Ditte
Me Kane Tox	13%	133961	13%	13%	
NYANE	256 74	200	28 %	2554	1.486
Nor Pacine of	61 4	52	01.0	5170	260
Now York Contrat	103 1	103	10.5	103	300
Nor & W pl	46%	46%	4674	4151.	204
Newport N & M V	7	7.5	7.1	7.4	23.5
Ore Trans		24 1	20076	24	404
OR & Nav		19394	2024	90%	81
Philad Boating	585	58%	58.91	Barry	20,700
Rich 4 W P	200	20%	22%	2234	204
Rutland,	5	0.4	54	514	310
Texas Pacific	2014	20%	20%	20%	30
Union Pacing	56%	64.70	53 Ta	54	38
West, U. Tel	(P) (E 4.)	75%	7534	75%	68)
Williams in Mant	4.15	5	410,0	- 5	50)
West Nat Bank	95	95	95	95	6
Total shares sold	*******		********	******	45,230
	RON	DS.			
Erie 2d con	05 1	105	95	95	2,000
M K & T 54	61.5	(61 %	614	61%	11,000
	6944	924	67.5	67 19	18,000
M K & T D.			192 la	92%	17,000
N Y SA W Ist	92%	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
NYSAWISL	92%	924	92 4	924	30,000
N Y S& W Ist N Y C&St L 4s Phil & Read gen 41	80%	924	925	89 4	70,000
N Y S& W Ist N Y C&St L 4a Phil & Read gen 4a. Rock Is 5a	80% 105%	92 4 89 4 105 4	92 - 80 - 105 -	1054	78,000
N Y S& W 1st N Y C&St L 4s Phil & Read gen 4s Rock Is 5s. St L A & T 1st.	92 % 89 % 105 % 98	924 894 1054 984	105% 108%	1034	76,000 19,000 15,000
N Y S& W Ist N Y C&St L 4a Phil & Read gen 4a. Rock Is 5a	80% 105%	92 4 89 4 105 4	92 - 80 - 105 -	1054	30,000 76,000 19,000 15,000 13,000

Astoria.
Amador.
Barcelona.
Helle Iale.
Bronswick.
Bechtel.
Contimbra & B..
Pather deSmet. Silver King. .. 17,850 Total sales..... CLOSING PRICES OF PHILADELPHIA STOCKS. 

CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS. Boston, July 2, 1888. | Saturday To-day | Saturday To-mac | 1st 7s | 120 5s | 220 5s | 2 Saturday To-day 

A LOST DAY AT THE EXCHANGE. Monday, July 2-p. m.

This was another lost day at the Stock Exchange -a day of lamentation and gloomy forebodings over the lack of business; a condition which the average broker is doing his level best to prolong. Not only does he act, look, and talk "blue" to all would-be clients, but he also pays a certain sum per month for stuff to put before his customers that is well calculated to drive them away. Today, Chicago telegrams were spread before professional operators and would-be buyers of stock that were, to say the least, discouraging; they were no worse than dispatches of the same character which for a long time have been prevalent. The quotation of one will be sufficient to characterize the whole: "Special Chicago.-There is a drop of 5 cents in the Eastbound rate on agricultural instruments to-day." "Agricultural instruments" is good; but if the wise men who sent the dispatch intended to say implements instead of "instruments," they should have supplemented the information by naming the amount of such articles which is sent East from Chicago. The market is dull, or rather, there is no market except such as the "bears" make; when they sell phantoms' in excess of the immediate demand prices yield, but when they wish to cancel the additional "shorts," prices recover without effort. The raids and the continued lying about the situation bring out no "long" stocks. This morn of the market opened heavy and dull

An effort to utilize the small declines that occurred in recouping previous "short" sales quickly restored prices to higher figures than Saturday's Union Pacific was the later feature and leader of the market. Almost before the hour of meeting of Congress, it was announced that filibustering by experts would prevent the consideration of the Union Pacific Funding bill; next came the company's report for the month of May, showing a gain in its net earnings of "only" \$34,432. On those two items the stock was sold down from 55 to 53 3-4, and proved to be a "bell wether" for the whole market. to be a "bell wether" for the whole market. Why any one should have expected any greater increase in the net earnings for May than is reported can only be accounted for by the supposition that "bears" on the stock had prepared a surprise by starting the story of a gain of over \$100.000. The five months' business of the company gives net earnings \$389.263 greater than in 1857—a total of \$3.963,168. Allowing for "income from other sources" and for charges the same as they were in 1887, the net balance for the five months is \$740.000, or 11-10 per cent, with the best seven months of the year yet to be heard from. Last year the net earnings from June 1 to December 31 amounted to \$7.316.129. Every month thus far this year has shown a gain because of the commany's new northern connect.

June 1 to December 31 amounted to \$7,316,129. Every month thus far this year has shown a gain because of the company's new northern connections; there is no reason to suppose that the remaining seven menths of the year will not show a proportionate gain for the same reason. And yet there is a large outstanding "short" interest in the stock based upon "inside information" that Congress will not pass the "Funding bill."

It passes the comprehension of conservative thinkers why the Union Pacific Company should desire the passage of the Funding bill or any further legislation beyond a guarantee that the many times amended contract shall now stand till the maturity of its obligations to the Government. The company always has complied with the demands of the law when it was definitely settled what the law was—as it stands to-day it is a very different contract from that originally passed. No one any longer questions the Government's security for its loan of bonds, nor the ability of the company to use the second mortgage, when the Government can surrender it—in 1895a1899—at better advantage than 6 per cent in the issue of new bonds. If matters remain as they are now till 1899, the company will thereafter be free from Congressional demagogues; if the Funding bill is passed and necepted by the company, it probably will soon learn that the crop of demagogues allied with the Wall Street speculators is still a growing one. The Market Funding bill and strong.

THE DAY IN THE BOND MARKET. THE DAY IN THE BOND MARKET.

The offers of bonds to the Treasury to-day amounted only to \$159,100. The Secretary accepted only \$7,600, which included all offers of 4s at 127 and 41-2s at 1071-8. The local market was dull and steady, with nominal quotations as

In State bonds, the business was covered by small sales of Tennessee settlement 3s at 691-2. Of city bank stocks, Broadway sold (15) at 258.

The general bend market was dull, but prices ruled strong. Erie second 6s were in demand at 95a95-1-8. Missouri, Kansas and Texas issues were firm at slight concessions from the lafe sharp advances; the 6s at 67-3-4 and the 5s at 61-3-8. International 6s sold at 68a70. West Shore 4s were firm at 162-1-4, ex six months' interest. New-York, Chicago and St. Louis 4s rose to 92-1-4. Texas and Pacific new 5s sold up to 94-7-8 and income seconds to 39-5-8. Reference is made to our full report of all bond sales.

Of unlisted securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange, Cotton Seed Oil certificates sold (3,000) at 34-7-8a34-1-2a35, Western National Bank (25) at 95, California Pacific (100) at 61-2, Mexican National Construction (100) at 21 and Mt. Desert Land (3,200) at \$3a\$2-75.

Money was in abundant supply at from 2 per

tional Construction (100) at 21 and Mt. Desert Land (3,200) at \$3a\$2.75.

Money was in abundant supply at from 2 per cent at the opening to 1.1-2 per cent at the close. The Clearing House statement to-day was as follows: Exchanges, \$77,233,097; balances, \$7,566,867.

The Sub-Treasury was debtor at the Clearing House \$874,888. Its net gain on balance on Saturday and to-day was \$20,372, made up by a currency gain of \$142,935 less a coin loss of \$122,563. The two days' operations covered: Receipts, \$5,392,811; payments, \$5,372,439; leaving the general balance \$172,826,823, consisting of \$154,883,767 coin and \$17,943,056 currency. The daties collected at the New-York Custom House in June amounted to \$11,339,018, being \$884,767 less than the collections for June, 1887. For the last six months they amounted to \$72,026,594, being \$3,200,723 less than for the same six months of 1887.

The United States Treasurer at Washington

#### The Opening of the Campaign To open the campaign with any hopes of speedy success, attack the enemy, malaria, before it has a chance

to intreach. An obstinate foe 'twill prove if you don't go right at it. If you are prudent, too, you will have fortified, upon the first intimation of its presence in your neighborhood. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the medicinal ammunition that you require. Every form of malarial fever yields to this fine preventive and remedy. For constipution, liver complaint, dyspepsia, nervousness and kidney trouble it is no less effective. Residents of ma-larial localities, and persons solourning in or bound for the great West, should select this medicine as a means of defence against the frequent visitations of miasma. Taose in delicate health, the aged and the enfeebled, should in every instance resort to this signal invigorant. Use \$196,000 It for weak nerves



is the most valuable improvement in hose since 1842. Its lasting qualities are from five to eight times greater than any hose not armored. Its complete success has caused unprincipled parties to infringe the patents owned and controlled by us, and we therefore notify all such that "THE MAKING, VENDING OR USE OF ANY ARMORED WIRE WOUND HOSE NOT OF OUR MANU.
FACTURE IS AN INFRINGEMENT ON ONE OR MORE OF OUR SEVERAL PATENTS, ANY VIOLATION OF WHICH WILL MEET WITH IMMEDIATE PROSECUTION. BRASS PLATES SET BETWEEN THE HOSE AND WIRE DENOTE OUR MANUFACTURE AND THE PATENTS."

Waterbury Rubber Co., 49 Warren St., N. Y.

received \$290,000 National bank notes for redemption.

The customs receipts reported were \$343,350 and the internal revenue receipts were \$711.176.

The foreign exchanges were inactive and barely steady at quotations for business as follows: Bankers' bills, \$4 86 7-8 and \$4 88 3-8 for long and short sterling respectively; 5.18 3-4 and 5.16 7-8 for france; 95 5-8 and 95 7-8 for reichmarks; 40 1-4 and 40 1-2 for guilders.

In London British consols ruled firm at 99 9-16 for both money and account. Money between bankers was easy at 3-4a1 per cent and for discount of bankers' bills at 1 1-8 per cent. Bar silver was dull and steady at 42 1-8d. per ounce English standard. American railways opened heavy on discouraging reports cabled from New-York last evening, and ruled unsettled to the close. It is reported that the American dispatches made a great handle of the Central and Hudson's quarterly statement for a general depression of American railways. At Paris French 3 per cents were strong, and closed at \$3.17 1-2, after selling up to 83.40.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

THE PUBLIC DEBT. The following compares the statement of to-day that of June 1, 1888:

I INTEREST-BEARING DEBT. Refunding certificates.... Navy Pension Fund.... Pacific R'd 6 per cents 14,000,000 64,623,512 Total ...... 1,031,617,111 DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY. \$2,555,645 169,163

**\$2,721,808** DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST. Old demand and legal-ten-. \$346,737,953 12,230,000 6,923,406 109,581,730 196,645,405 44,415,000 6,922,644 119,887,370 200,387,376 6672,118,495 Principal .....

\*Amount of fractional currency estimated as lost or de-stroyed, \$8,375,934. TOTAL DEBT. Total ...... 1,706,460,413 61,717,784,794

Less cash items available for reduction of debt. Gold reserve held for the redemption of legal-ten-der notes...... 6348,979,672 **6**331,739,637 100,000,000 Net cash in the Treasury 6526,446,254 \$552,200,137 Total deduction..... Debt less cash in the Treasury ...... \$1,180,014,159 \$1,165,584,657 e25,878,872 on lower quotations from London, which were the 143,359 112,036 Total unavailable cash #26,022 261 626,163,777 RAILROAD EARNINGS.

effects of last evening's cables sent from New-York. MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON. Number of miles... 1886. 1887. 330 37. Third week in June 21... 627.253 733,017 ST. LOUIS. ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE (Branches). Number of miles.
Third week in June \$11,335 \$16,965
Jan. 1 to June 21... \$300,960 \$405,765

Month of June.... \$295,539 \$321,183
Jan. 1 to June 30... 1,222,505 1,313,512 UNION PACIFIC.

Month of May— Gross earnings..... \$2,151,162 \$2,188,277 \$2,312,191 Operating expenses. 1,452,974 1,430,462 1,519,934 Not earnings..... \$608,188 \$757,825 \$16702,257 \$

Gross earnings.... \$0,103.599 \$10.515,004 \$11,010.311 \$

Operating expenses.. \$0,155,515 \$6.941,180 \$7.047,143 Net earnings for 62,951,084 e3,573,904 e3,963,168

LOUISVILLE, NEW-ORLEANS AND TEXAS. Month of May-8103,651 8118,885 48166,985 88,639 94,844 135,044 Net earnings......
Jan. 1 to May 31
Gross earnings.....
Operating expenses... 631,941 \$15,012 \$24,041 6020,708 BSFS,972 513,205 589,153

Net earnings for 8244,446 £116,593 £219,519 EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE FROM NEW-YORK. 1880. 1887. 1888. For the week...... \$6,883,103 \$5,870,686 \$4,726,647 Previously rep't'd 145,054,379 144,699,149 141,337,984 Total since Jan 1 \$152,537,542 \$150,509,835 \$140,064,631

## THE PETROLEUM MARKET.

NEWS FROM THE FIELD AND RANGE OF PRICES. The trading in oil at the New-York exchanges was ex-tremely light yesterday. There was no news from the fields, and for this reason, perhaps, the tendency of prices was upward. The advance was made toward the close, however, and as the market was given over to the control of the room "pikers," there was a common suspicion that the raily was chiefly owing to the fears of bear operators. Early prices were the lowest and the market closed strong at an advance of 1 cent, although the last were slightly below the best prices.

The range of prices and the total dealings were as follows: Stock Exchange.

73 741 721 74 74 154,000 Refined oil was steady at 7 1-8 cents a gallon for Abel

## GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

FEATURES OF NEW-YORK DEALINGS. The Produce Exchange markets were firmer yesterday, atthough there was no great increase in business. Speawheat was firm under continued small purchases for export and in options the trading was more active at an advance which seemed to be merely the result of "switching." The market opened at 1.2 to 1 cent higher and after slight concessions closed at a full recovery as follows: July, 87.1-8c: August, 88c, September, 89c; December, 92.1-4c and May, 97. Corn on the spot was steady and trading was light although exporters took 50,000 bushels. trading was light although exporters took 50,000 bushels. Options were fairly active at an advance of 3-8 to 1-2 cent and the closing prices were only 1-8c below the best for the day: July, 53-5-8c; August, 55c; September, 55-7-8c; October and November, 56-8c, and December, 52-3-4c. Oats were dull and barely steady at 34-3-4c for July, 31-1-2c for August and 30-3-8c for September. In provisions, there was no business for export and prices were casier. Options in lard were a few points lower as follows: July and August, 28-30; September, 83-33; October, 88-23 and

Options in lard were a tew points lover as nowards and August. \$8 30; September, \$3 33; October, \$8 28 and November, \$7 82.

The receipts of flour and grain reported yesterday at New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston were as follows: Wheat, 2,034 bushels; corn. 151,008 bushels; follows: Vanet, 2,034 bushels; corn. 151,005 bushels; four, eats, 230,229 bushels; total grain, 383,331 bushels; four, 80,077 packages. At Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Leuis the arrivals were: Wheat, 57,528 bushels; corn, 115,095 bushels; cats, 184,138 bushels; total grain, 356,821 bushels; flour, 24,840 barrels.

THE TRADE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago. July 2 (Special).—Although wheat cables from Liverpool were strong and of the same tenor from London and Paris, the visible supply decreased almost twice as much as was expected, and, although probably less than 500,000 of the 4.800,000 bushels in store here were delivered out, still the price to-day simply held steady. The August option closed where it opened, its ratige for the entire session being less than 1-2 cent a bushel. The direct effect of the small deliveries was to run the July, which list Saturday had got to b225-8 cent discount, right up even with August again. The visible supply statement showed a decrease in wheat of 883,000 count, right up even with August again. The visible supply statement showed a decrease in wheat of 983,000 bushels. The deliveries of corn were enormous, exceeding 2,000,000 bushels certainly, and perhaps 3,000,000. They came from the office of Foss, Strong & Co., and were the last evidence that the big July bull elique was out of its bad deal. While the fact of small deliverios was a bull influence in wheat, these big deliveries in corn also tended to help prices. The stock of wheat for the volume of trade is not large, while the contrary is true of cern. The 0,000,000 bushels of the latter held in one office by a disappointed unsuccessful clique was a menace to the pit. When the crowd aiw in the merning a large share of it delivered out and go into the hands of active shippers it felt more like buying again. The range for the day was within 1-2 cent. August opened at 48 1-8, sold between 48 1-2 and 482 48 1-4, and closed at 48 38-848 1-2. July kept at 7-8-1 cent discount. The receipts in the morning were 181 cers, the estimates for Monday 276. The local stock 6,222,000 bushels, shows a decrease for the week of 1,104,000 bushels. Shows a decrease for the week of regular pork, 44,030,000 pounds of short ribs and 50,007 tierces of contract lard.

As a Drink in Fevera
USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. CHAS. H. S. DAVIS, Meriden, Conn., says: "I
have used it as an accessory in cases of melancholis and
nervous debility, and as a pleasant and cooling drink in
fevera and have been very much pleased with it."